UNSER FRITZ'S DIARY.

ALL GERMANY STIRRED OVER THE REVELA-TIONS OF THE DEAD EMPEROR.

THE HIGH CHARACTER OF THE GERMAN CROWN PRINCE AND RULER DISCLOSED-LIGHT ON HISTORIC EPISODES-SULLEN COMMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT PRESS-THE CHANCELLOR IN FINE HEALTH.

CHANCELLOR IN FINE HEALTH.

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Berlin, Sept. 22.—The publication of the Emperor

Frederick's diary is everywhere recognized as a matter of the greatest national importance. Official and political circles, however, that are intimately versed innermost history of the construction of the German Empire have been astonished by the publication, whilst the whole German people are stirred to their very depths by revelations which show the real greatness of the deceased Emperor Frederick, his in-fluence in creating the Empire and his noble aims for cated to the "Deutsche Rundschau" through the Raden statesman, Baron von Roggenbach, who was long an intimate friend of the late Emperor and was much with him during his filness at San Remo. Baron von Roggenbach, it seems, had the assent of the Empress Victoria to the publication of the extracts, but neither Prince Bismarck nor the present Emperor William was consulted. It is, therefore, thought probable that the publication will have some startling esults as affecting the personages concerned in the

BISMARCK'S ORGAN SIGNIFICANTLY SILENT. It is significant that the "North German Gazette (Bismarck's organ) has not yet mentioned the diary. The "National Zeitung" complains of the Indiscretion of the publication, as shown in the selection of the passages, and says it was obviously not intended by the Emperor Frederick that they should ever be made public. It instances the revelations that at Versailles there was much friction between the Emperor (then Crown Prince) and Prince Bismarck over the declaration of the existence of the German Empire; that Bismarck drafted the letter in which the King of Davaria is made to appear as having reluctantly invited King William of Prussia to assume the Imperial dignity, and that in October of 1870 Bismarck informed the Grand Duke of Baden of his determination to wage persistent war against the Papal doctrine of of the Catholic Church in Germany. It is argued that a disclosure of the nature of this last revelation is alike wanton and impudent, and will tend to revive the slumbering fires of the "Cultur kampf" again and to direct the rage of the Clericals against Bismarck as the sole origin of the policy of the repression of Catholies.

Another of these indiscreet revelations is pointed out to be the statement of the dead Emperor that during the negotiations at Versailles, it was proposed to proclaim as King of France Leopold II, King of the Belgians. M. Thiers said he would favor the scheme if it implied a union of Belgium and France. The diary does not state the reason for the abandon ment of the proposal, but the French people will that Prince Eismarck's project to create a Franco-Belgian monarchy implied the dis ruption of France into several States and the acquisition by Belgium of the northern provinces. project is certain of revival if France should be crushed in the coming war.

ELEMENTS OF UNSER FRITZ'S CHARACTER. The most touching feature of the diary is the evidence of the unfaling kindliness of Crown Prince Frederick's disposition and his diffidence of character. On July 24, 1870, the eve of the French campaign,

At the baptism of my last born the King was too ch affected to hold the child. Which of us will be back? I am appointed to act on the fianks of principal army. I shall scarcely be able to carry

When victory was declared on the side of the Germans, he comforts a French colonel, a prisoner, who had said, "We have lost everything," by replying: You are wrong in saying that you have lost every-ting; having fought like brave soldiers, you have not

On the day of the battle of Sedan he writes: On the day of the battle of Sedan he writes:

"Die Weltgeschichte ist das weltgericht" comes to me from my school days. Napoleon comes. He is in the middle of a potato field near Donchery. Bismarck and von Moltke run up to him. He wants passage for his army into heigiom. Bismarck speaks to Napoleon. He tells him that the King Insists upon an unconditional surrender. The capitalation is signed. I proposed Withelmshohe as a place of residence for Napoleon, and advised the King to ride and meet the Emperor.

AN INTERVIEW WITH NAPOLEON. The Crown Prince then describes the interview as related to him by the King. Napoleon assured the King that he had only given in to public opinion when he resolved upon war. He showed marvellous ignorance of the German armies. He thought the force before Sedan was the Red Prince's army. He asked before sedan was the Real Property was. The King where Prince Frederick Charles was. The King answered, "With seven army corps before Metz." The King Napoleon drew back with every sign of painful surprise. His face contracted itself paramaty.

first time he knew that he had not had the whole of the German army opposed to him. The recital con-

After a half-hour's interview the King and Em hand, while with the other he wiped away the s which were running down his cheeks. Referring to the attitude of England after the German

Referring to the attitude of England after the German lumph was assured, he writes on October 2:

The Queen, who follows our actions with touching sympathy, telegraphed to the King, exhorting him to high-souled dealings. Concerning Jules Favre's offers for peace, she has, however, no practical suggestions to make. She wrote a note to Prince Bismarck concerning the position of our press towards England. Bismarck replies, saying that he regrets the language of the press and that he has sent instructions to Berlin accordingly.

Commenting on the fact that each side appealed

Commenting on the fact that each side appealed to Heaven in its own behalf, there is on December 25 the following entry:

It is really a piece of irony on the message of good-will that each party calls on God to aid its righteous cause. In every success we incline to prove by it he support of Heaven against our opponents. latest entry before the return to Germany displays the nobleness of the man:

uispiays the nobleness of the man:

March 8. Calm. When I see my endeavors to help
the oppressed acknowledged by Germany and her
neighbor, and that the people are gaining confidence
in my future I feel quite happy. Moral carnestness
and political convictions can only be the result of
inward maturity, of inward struggles, which must be
continued daily and for which one's self is responsible. COMMENTS BY FRIENDLY PAPERS.

While the semi-official press condemn the publica-tion, the Progressist papers are exultant. The "Vossische Zeitung" calls the diary a political legacy deserving to be treasured by the German people, to be serving to be treasured by the German people, to be the touchstone for politics in the future. These brief memoranda are worth more to history, it says, than many other sovereigns' entire reigns.

"Had nothing become known of these notes," says the Vienna "Frele Presse," "but Emperor Frederick's simple declaration that his uppermost thought after peace was obtained is how the liberal development of Germany is to be carried out, that alone would stamp the noble character of the Prince, A cruel fate prevented the carrying into effect of the enlightened programme of the Government. Tonight's issue of the "Boersen Zeitungs" is authority for a statement to the effect that in 1873 Crown Trince Frederick William caused twelve copies of the diary to be taken by copper plate process and presented copies to persons specially enloying his confidence, requesting the recipients to take particular care not to permit the diary to be published until fitty years should have elapsed. At his death the plates were destroyed. The paper refrains from placing the responsibility for the publication of the d ary, upon any one, but it is an open secret that Baron Roggenbach is responsible for its appearance.

FLOCKING TO SEE BISMARCK AND THE DIPLOthe touchstone for politics in the future.

PLOCKING TO SEE BISMARCK AND THE DIPLO-

| MATS An unusual stream of visitors went from Hamburg to Friedrichsruhe, hoping to catch a glimpse of Count Kalnoky, Herr von Schloeger, Pruss'an Envoy to the Vatican, and Prince Bismarck at their recent meeting. Prince Bismarck was not seen, except at his meeting with Count Kalnohy at the railway station. The distinguished statesman indulged in long walks daily within the grounds. In some of these the Chancellor was accompanied by his grandeblidren. To prevent intrusion, barriers had been placed along the routes frequented by Prince Bismarck. Spectators describe the healthy appearance of the Chancellor. Doctor Schweninger's treatment has further reduced the unhealthy corpulence of the Prince, who is becoming thin, almost bony. His complexion is clear, and his step alert and vigorous. His tall muscular form clad in a long gray coat and topped by an old feit hat, made an odd contrast with Count Kainoky's little figure, which was insignificant in Bismarck's presence. His health is so good that he goes to Kissingen this year. Vatican, and Prince Bismarck at their recent meeting.

RESIGNATION OF A NEWARK CLERGYMAN. The Rev. Colbraith B. Perry, rector of the House of Prayer at Newark, has resigned in consequence of continued ill health." Over a month ago rumors concerning an alleged indiscretion on the part of Mr Perry became rife, and the vestry passed resolutions requesting him to resign. Instead of resigning, he ed for a short leave of absence, to visit Albany, which was granted. The members of Mr. Perry's which was granted. The memors of the congregation decline to talk about the affair except in a general way. The rector is at Bristol, R. J. Mr. Perry accepted the call to the House of Prayer last spring, while assistant minister at Mt. Calvary Church, Baltimore. He is about forty years old and unmarried.

THE CHARGE WAS DISMISSED. njamin H. Clark, of No. 130 East One-hundredand seventeenth-st., who was charged with securing

to inform the public that his case was dismissed by Justice Ford, in the Jefferson Market Court, upon his presentation of the fact that he had received the policies through a licensed broker, who appeared in court and swore to the validity of the companies. He also wishes to say that action has been taken against the complainant for defamation of character and false imprisonment.

ANOTHER FORGER'S GUILT CONFESSED.

A TRUSTED CLERK ALTERS HIS EMPLOYER'S CHECKS-HIS STEALINGS ABOUT \$12,000. Morris Greenebaum, of Greenebaum & Co., No. 355 Canal-st., has decided to be his own bookkeeper until his confidence in human nature is restored. Until recently Meyer Goldstein filled that position, but yesterday he was arrested for forgery and embezzlement, and for some time to come it is not likely that his services will be available for bookkeeping purposes.

Goldstein is twenty-five years old with a genius for finance. He has been in the employ of Greenebaum & Co. for two and one-half years. He lived beyond his means and resorted to forgery and embezzlement to make both ends and thus obtained from the firm \$12,000 in excess of his salary. He succeeded in getting hold of the forged checks and destroying them after they had passed through the bank-all but one-and that furnished evidence enough to convict him. His forgeries were well executed, and if he had only kept his books well he might have escaped detection much longer. Recently he took a vacation. In his absence Mr. Greenebaum took it into his head to overhaul his books. There he found evidence of nervousness, and he had not pursued his investigations far when he was led to suspect something worse.

If Goldstein had known what work his employer was doing he would not have enoyed his holiday much. The check which was preserved reveals his method. He showed a fraudulent invoice from Marshall & Briggs to secure the firm's signature to a check on the Traders and Importers' Bank, payable to their order, for \$637 28. By additions he made the name read Myershall B. Briggson, and indorsed that name on the back of the check. He had an idea trat it was not forgery to indorse fictitious name. He took the check to the bank himself and collected the money on it. the bank himself and collected the money on it. He was arrested yesterday morning and taken to the Tombs Police Court. He had previously acknowledged the forgeries and offered to turn over all his property to the employers he had swindled. Its value is about \$5,000. He had no counsel and desired to plead guilty, but concluded to waive examination and was held in \$5,000 bail for trial. There was an affecting scene when his wife entered the court-room. She threw her arms around him and wept bitterly. Goldstein lived at No. 66 East One-hundred-and-sixth-st. Rose & Putzel have charge of the case for Mr. Greenebaum.

THE ETRURIA LOWERS HER OWN RECORD HAVING NONE FASTER TO REAT. SHE REATS HER SELF BY FIVE MINUTES.

The time of travel between this port and Engand was reduced to a mimimum yesterday when the steamship Etruria, of the Cunard Line, reached Sandy Hook in five minutes less time than her famous passage, made in June last, in 6 days, 1 hour and 55 minutes. Like race horses, these ocean greyhounds require training before they develop a turn of speed which will place them in the front rank of floating hotels.

The Etruria left Queenstown on September 16 at 1:15 p. m., Dublin time, and arrived at the Bar at 10:30 a. m. yesterday, making the voyage in 6 days, 1 hour and 50 minutes, which time ineluded a 6 ay of thirty minutes in picking up her pilot at 6 a. m. yesterday. The weather was genrally fine throughout the voyage, except on Wednesday, when the vessel encountered westerly winds and seas which somewhat retarded her progress or, judging from her duily run as shown by the abstract of log, she would probably have reached the judge's eye at Sandy Hook in at least 1 hour and 30 minutes less time. Her daily runs from Queenstown were up to noon on the 17th, 437 knots: 18th. 465: 19th. 456: 20th. 490: 21st. 490, and from noon on that day to Sandy Hook, 455 knots, which was run in twenty hours and a

half.

The daily average run of the steamer was 460

The daily average run of the steamer was 460 The daily average run of the steamer was 460 knots and her average hourly speed 191-5 knots. Her time from Queenstown (Reche's Point) to Fire Island signal station was 5 days, 18 hours and 30 minutes, and corrected time 5 days, 23 hours and 10 minutes. All her passengers were landed at the Cunard Line Pier at 1 p. m. yesterday. The names of many of the passengers

SIOUX CHIEFS GOING TO LOWER BRULE Pierre, Dak., Sept. 22.-The Standing Rock and Cheyenne Agency delegates to the Lower Brule Council passed through Pierre vesterday. Major McLaughlin, the agent, John Grass, Rain-in-the Fac of Standing Kock, and Dr. McCheseney, agent, White Swan, Crow Eagle, and Little-No-Heart, of the Chey-Agency, were in the party. Major McLaughlin expressed confidence in the ultimate success of the mission, as did Dr. McCheseney, but their views are not shared by the chiefs with them. John Grass is opposed to the treaty, his argument being that th Indians should receive as much as the Government, \$1.25 an acre. He is anxious to be sent to Washington to see the Great Father, and it is thought by both agents that he can be won over to the treaty by favoring him in this respect. The old Chief Gall is not with the party, on account of sickness. Neither is Sitting Full, who was chosen to go, but at the last moment refused for fear of violence while off his reser-White Buffalo, of Cheyenne, is opposed to the bill. A significant fact is that all the delegates are opposed to it. When White Buffalo was told that Bowed Head was the first to sign the treaty of Crow Creek, he significantly remarked "He will

TRAINS BEATING A MILE A MINUTE. Pittsburg, Sept. 22.—On the Pittsburg and Lake Eric Railroad is a train which arrives here at 1 o'clock. On the Erle and Pittsburg is one which arrives twenty-five minutes later. The two arrived at Wampum, Penn., at the same time yesterday and at the same moment started for Beaver Falls, twelve miles The tracks of the two roads are parallel with each other, on opposite sides of the Beaver River. As soon as the race began, the passengers got excited and with hats and handkerchiefs waving, urged the engineers to greater speed. Mile after mile the trains speed on, almost abreast, but at last the Erie and Pittsburg made a dash and pulled into Beaver Fail a train length ahead of the Lake Erie. The distance of twelve miles was made in 10 1-2 minutes.

MORAVIAN BISHOPS CHOSEN. Bethlehem, Penn., Sept. 22 (Special).—The Moravian Synod to-day received the following report of the Brooklyn Church, the Rev. Edward Woole, paster The first fruits of our work among the Chi-Brooklyn is a convert called Thomas, who left last night for China, where he will enter the American College at Canton to fit himself for the ministry. The following dispatch by cable, was received to-day from Herrnhut, Germany, in relation to the election of bishops: "We chose by apostolic lot the Rev. II. T. Backman, of Gnaedenhutter, Ohio; the Rev. J. Mortimer Levering, of Bethlehem, and the Rev. C. L. Reinke, of Littis."

THE MISSOURI RIVER PRACTICALLY CLOSED. Washington, Sept. 22.-Upon receipt of news from St. Louis that the Missouri River had been practically closed to navigation by the refusal of the Board of Underwriters to accept any risks on cargoes owing to the number of snags in the river, Representative O'Neill, of Missouri, sent to Major Bingham, the engineer in charge of the improvements on the river, for particulars. To-day he received a telegram stating that the Missouri River Commission had recommended an allotment for snagging and had asked for a snag boat. They could do nothing further until action had been taken by the Secretary of War.

Cincinnati, Sept. 22 (Special).—The entire day in the Ives-Stayner trial was taken up with the arguments of Miller Outcalt, of attorneys for defence, and Mr. Pugh, prosecutor for the State, on a motion of the defendants. The greater part of Monday will the defendants. The greater part of Monday will be taken up with argument, Pugh not having finished, and Judge Wilson, of the defence, having yet to speak. It is believed that the motion to dismiss will be overruled. Weedruff has not been able to give bond, but is still at large.

Lake Placid N. Y., Sept. 22.—Mrs. Cleve-land and party reached Bloomingdale Station, in the Adirondacks, at noon. They were met by D. W. Riddle, of Saranac Inn, and conveyed thither in carriages, trance in borus companies, desires | arriving safely at 2 p. m.

REPUBLICANS AT POTSDAM.

HUNDREDS WELCOME WARNER MILLER. SENATOR ERWIN PRESIDING AT THE MEETING-CAMPAIGN EVEN MORE ENTHUSIASTIC THAN USUAL IN ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Potsdam, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The farmers of this banner Republican county of the State, namely, St. Lawrence, came here in hundreds to-day to listen to a political address by Warner Miller, the Republican candidate for Governor. Miller arrived here this morning from Malone and was escorted from the railway depot to his hotel through the chief streets by the Potsdam Harrison and Morton Club, which has several hundred members. Leaders of the Republican party visited Mr. Miller subsequently from all of the country, among them Congressman A. X. Parker, Senabeing Congressman A. George Z. Erwin, Assemblyman

M. Curtis, the department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in New-York State, and ex-Assemblyman Worth Chamberlain. These leaders told Mr. Miller that the Republican party was never stronger than it is now in St. Lawrence County. A large number of the Democrats and Prohibitionists had joined the Republican party in the county and there were no desertions. The useat Republican majority in the county is 7,300 votes

"I think St. Lawrence County will give the Republican National and State tickets 8,000 majority," said Assemblyman Curtis to Mr. Miller. "I hope you will do even better than that," said Mr. Miller, earnestly.

The meeting, which was held in the House, was attended by a large number of ladies. Two thousand five hundred persons assembled in the hall to hear Mr. Miller's speech. The hall was prettily decorated with flags. On the platform were large portraits of Benjamin Harrison and Levi P. Morton and Warner Miller. The chairman chosen was Senator Erwin, who said that he was taking dinner recently at a hotel overlooking the Zuyder Zee in Holland when he had been elected president of the Harrison and Morton Club of the village.

"I turned to my companion, Senator Vedder," said Mr. Erwin, "and said, 'I am going home.' Mr. Erwin upon introducing Mr. Miller said: The Republican party has nominated a man for Gov-ernor who has had an honorable life and who, if elected, will be Governor of the whole people and not of a part of

Hon. Warner Miller. (Great applause.)

Mr. Miller opened his speech by saying that it seemed almost unnecessary to make a Republican speech in the county of St. Lawrence. It was the county which gave the largest Republican majority of all the counties in the State, and he was confident that would give the largest Republican majority this fall it had ever given. Mr. Miller then at considerable length described the attack made upon the American protective tariff by the Democratic party and the efforts of the Republican party to defend the system. He dwelt upon the benefits derived by the farmers of America owing to their possession of such a large market. Said he:

possession of such a large market. Said he.
We ship abroad about 8 per cent of our farm products.
The remaining products we consume ourselves. There are
30,000,000 of our people who are not engaged in agricultural pursuits and they must be fed. Suppose that you had
the choice of England's market or your own home market. England has about 30,000,000 of population, but you know that England supplies much of her own market, or she get what she needs from India. But we always have out home market. That is not an unstable market like that of England. How much do you think we would have of England. How much do you think we would hav
to 'nerease our population to consume all our own fare
products? Only to about 66,000,000. You know tha
there has been a rapid growth of agriculture, but in th
next ten years it will not increase at such a rate. The
home demand for our products will surely increase and the price of them will somewhat increase. The great bulk of our farmers are employed in producing food for those er our farmers are employed in producing food for those en-gaged in our mills and manufactures. Do you suppose that our manufactures can be destroyed by such a bill as that introduced by Mr. Mills and you not suffer? Drive our manufacturers out of business and you cer-tainly must lose a market for your products and prices will go down. There is no doubt that India is increasing its wheat production. Is It any wonder that an Englishman, who can get a laborer for about fifteen cents a day in India, to work in the wheat important that you should preserve your home market and defend it from attack. Look at this from any point of view you please, farmers, and you will Moreover, the tariff has raised the price of your products.

What was the price of cheese in St. Lawrence County be-

ore the War, A voice-It was from three to five cents. A voice-it was from three on two coars.

Mr. Miller—I am glad to get that testimony, for perhaps Democrats will then see that the farmer is getting a good deal higher price for his cheese. Now, take agricultural implements. You get a reaper for \$30 or \$40 whereas you would have to pay \$80 for the same reaper. in England. It is the same with nearly all mant factured articles. You get them far cheaper than yo did before the war, while you get a far higher price for your farm products. The effort of the Democrats to prove to the farmers that they will be benefited by

The Republican platform demands an advance in the cause of temperence. (Applause.) It approves of the passage of the High License law, and it promises, intrusted with the control of the State Government, pass a High License law, or, if you prefer to call it is pass a High License law, of, it you preter to call to a restrictive law. We all agree upon the evils of liquor selling. Can we not lessen them? Has not the experience of Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Minnesota and Misouri shown that a High License law does reduce the number of saloons? The results of the High License number of saloons: The results of the high latestalia in every case have been beneficial. In Pennsyl vania the saloons of the lower and viler class have been wiped out; but better than that, the morals of the towns have been improved, and the number of arrests for drunkenness has been decreased. Those who say that they will not support a restrictive temperan-law and wait for a prohibition will pass off this stage action, I am afraid, before such a law is passed. (Criof "Amen.") The liquor desiers sold at their Stat Convention that they were opposed to a High Licens I, seems to me that this would be sufficient instrution to such temperance men as are in doubt about the attitude of the liquor dealers on this subject. The subject is the subject of the subject is the subject of the subje liquor dealers say that they want the saloons open of Sunday. They propose to raise from the retail lique dealers \$250,000 and from the brewers a similar fund What are they going to do with this money? They sa that they are going to support their friends, the Deme cratic party, and its candidate for Governor. This i not my cause more than your cause. Governor Hill ha said that he regrets that I have dragged this temperane question into politics. I should be glad to have it takes out of politics, but taken out rightly. It will never be taken out rightly when a Democratic Governor sits in the Executive Chamber at Albany and vetoes every temperance measure. It will be taken out of politics if will elect a Republican Legislature Republican Governor this fall. (Greatuse.) We will restrict liquor selling and follow the good example set for us by Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and other States and pass a High License law. (Great ap-

And then, finally, there is the question of ballot reform We propose to pass a bill similar in principle to the Sax-ton Electoral Reform bill. Governor Hill vetoed that bill. If we had such a law now the rum dealers, with their corruptive fund of \$250,000, would be helpless Governor Hill knew what he was about when he vetoed that bill. It would have been useless, otherwise, to have raised \$250,000 for buying votes at the polls. Our issues should appeal to all. They are protection to our industries, our fisheries and our ballot boxes. They are temperance reform and bailot reform. I appeal to you all to sustain them. (Great applause.)

Canandalgus, N. Y., Sept. 22 (Special).—The Republican campaign was opened in this village last evening with a rousing speech by Congressman W. E. Mason, of Chicago. McKechnie's Opera House, where the meeting was held, was filled to overflowing, and every point in the speaker's address was received with enthusiasm. Mr. Mason said he believed that in pursuance of a bargain large contributions had been made to the Democratic campaign fund by banks it which had been deposited \$00,000,000 of Government funds, on which no interest had been charged; and he declared that within the next thirty days he would ask the appointment of a committee by the House to investigate the matter.

LARGE REPUBLICAN MEETINGS IN INDIANA Richmond, Ind., Sept. 22 (Special).—William Dudley Foulke and Will F. Cumback addressed a monster meeting at Economy this afternoon. Their speeches were mainly devoted to the tariff. Various political clubs from the surrounding country were in attend This evening an immense torchlight procession took place, and the people were addressed by John bins, of this city.

A rousing Republican outdoor meeting was held at

Whitewater, this county, this afternoon. The speakers were Eugene Bundy and E. H. Halford. A pole 230 feet high was raised. The enthusiasm displayed by Republicans in this and surrounding counties is something wonderful.

TRYING TO BAFFLE ANNA DICKINSON.

SHE SPEAKS IN SPITE OF THE ROAR OF A DEM OCRATIC CANNON.

Indianapolis, Sept. 22 (Special).-The largest and noisiest Democratic demonstration of the campaign was arranged as an offset to the Republican meeting addressed by Anna Dickinson in Indianapolis to-night In the Democratic procession there were 10,000 per sons and the display represented the untiring effort of the party organization for a whole week, but still it attracted nobody from Miss Dickinson's meeting for Tomlinson Hall, one of the largest in the West filled with an intelligent appreciative audience numbering several thousand persons. The speaker was given a warm greeting. She wore a garnet velvet dress in princ style, with a front of white lace over pink satin and she looked even younger than when she mad her last public appearance in Indianapolis ten years ago. She dwelt upon the history of the Republican party, comparing its grand achievements with the Democratic record. Soon after she had begun speaking an incident occurred arousing the greatest en thusiasm in the audience. Just opposite the hall in the yard surrounding the County Court House, the Democrats began firing a cannon. At first she gave no attention to the interruption, but when the cannon had boomed forth its distracting noise three or four times in quick succession, Miss Dickinson

or four times in quick succession, Miss Dickinson, with dramatic force of expression, asked her audience:
"Is that a Democratic gua?"
"Yes," was the response.
"Well," she responsed, in tones that rose above the noise of the booming cannon with most thrilling effect upon her hearers, "all the noise of hell cannot suppress the truth."

The applause that arose from the audience continued for several minutes. Then she added again, calling forth from her hearers uproarious applause:
"The Democratic cannon may beom on the 22d of September, but on the 6th of November the roar of a sweeping Republican victory will forever stience it."

DEMOCRATS HARD-PUSHED FOR READY MONEY. The National Democratic Committee seems to be on its last financial legs. Into such desperate cir-cumtances has it fallen that it is forced to come out with an address to the "People of the United States," he received a letter from Potsdam stating that appealing for money that the Democratic machine may be well offed and run smoothly. Great stress is laid in this address upon the need of dong away with a tax that falls entirely upon a foreign producer and imposing a personal tax on the people United States in the form of a contribution to the Democratic coffers.

"This committee," says the address, in its innocent Democratic way, "recognizes that no person in the public service is for that reason under any obligations to contribute to any political fund, and," it adds assuringly, "no such persons will be removed or otherwise prejudiced for refusing to do so." It calls upon the people, however, "to contribute, each according to his means, to the expense of a canvass extending over so great a territory." There is a subtle little postscript added, saying that all contributions for the use of the National Democratic Committee will be duly acknowledged. Democratic way, "recognizes that no person in the

ANXIOUS ABOUT JUDGE THURMAN. Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 22 (Special).-The friends of Allen G. Thurman are much concerned about his health. Since he returned from New-York he has remained quiet at his home in the hope of gaining trength, but the result has been anything but satisfactory to his friends. At the Ohio Centennial on Monday there is to be a labor demonstration, and the managers pressed Mr. Thurman to address the different organizations that are to take part in the celebration. To-night be sent a letter to the chairman of the committee declining the invitation on the ground that his health is such as to preclude his making a public address.

CONGRESSMAN MeADOO RENOMINATED. The Democratic Congress Convention for the VIIth New-Jersey District was held yesterday afternoon assistant postmaster of Jersey City and chairman of the County Committee, called the convention to order, and William D. Daly, assistant United States District Attorney, was elected chairman. William McAdoo, who was backed by the "bosses," Shertif Davis and County Clerk McLanghlin, was nominated on the first ballot, receiving eighty-three votes to one for E. F. McDonald. Congressman McAdoo is now serving his third term. James B. Bredenburg, a prominent lawyer, will probably be nominated by the Republicans, and it is thought that he can beat McAdoo on the tariff issue.

DISCORD AT A COUNTY CONVENTION After a great deal of plotting, much wire-pulling, and no little display of ill-feeling, yesterday at the Queens County Democratic Convention, held at Jamaica L, the following nominations were made: For Sheriff, Matthew Goldner; for County Superintender of the Poor, James Norton, of Oyster Bay; for Justice of Sessions, Judge Emanuel B. Brandon.

paign began was that of last evening in the open a'r at Grand and Elizabe'n sts. It was under the auspices of the Grand Street Business Men's Republican Campaign Club, to celebrate the unfuring of a big Harrison and Morton banner in front of the headquarters of the club at No. 216 Grand-st. The S. V. Cruger Cannalan Club and the Irish-American Anti-Prec Trade League joined in the celebration and helped swell the audience to between three and four thousand people. A large platform was erected at the junction of the two streets; the Excelsior Brass Band played National airs, while fire-rockets blazed and crackled all around. William E. Morris presided and introduced as the first speaker J. M. Wall, who asserted that thirty thousand Irishman who had hitherto voted the Dem ocratic ticket in this city would rally as one man or November 6 for Harrison and Morton, Colonei John H. Pierce, Commissioner of Emigration Charles N. Taintor, John F. Scanlan, of Chicago; Thomas F. McShee, of Ohio

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS-FOR 24 HOURS. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22-10 p. m .- For Maine and New

Hampshire, rain; slightly warmer.
For Massachusetts, khode Island and Connecticut, fair
and clearing in Eastern Massachusetts; stationary tem-

Jersey and Delaware, fair, with slight changes in tempera

For the District of Columbia. Maryland and Virginia, fair, followed by rain; stationary temperature.

For North Carelina, fair, followed by light rain; stationary

For South Carolina, fair, followed by rain; slight changes in temperature.

For Georgia and Eastern Florida, threatening weather and

rain: stationary temperature.

For Alabama, Mississippi and Western Fiorida, threatening weather and rain; slightly cooler on the coast; slightly warmer in the porthern portion.

For Louisiana and Eastern Texas, light showers; slight changes in temperature. For Arkansas and Tennessee, threatening weather and

For Kentucky, rain in the western portion; fair in the astern portion.

For West Virginia, fair, followed by rain; slight change For Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, fair, with slight rise

For Lower Michigan, fair ; stationary temperature. For Upper Michigan, fair and slightly warmer. For Illinois and Missouri, light local rains; stationary

Dakota and Nebraska, fair and slightly warmer For Kansas, generally fair weather, followed For Colorado, fair, with stationary temperature. For Indiana, slightly warmer.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. TM HOURS: horning. Night. 1 + 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 1011 70

In the diagram a continuous line shows the baromete fuctuations yesterday, as observed at the United State bignal Service station at this city. The dashes indicate the temperature noted at Hudnus's pharmacy, 21s Broadway.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, Sept. 23.-1 a.m.-Clear weather pre-vailed resterday, with cloudy skies toward the evening. The temperature ranged between 55 7-19° and 74 9-10°, the average (62°) being 5 % lower than on Friday.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be fair weather, with slight changes in temperatu

PROMINENT HOTEL ARRIVALS.

BREVOORT-H. O. Houghton, of Boston. CLAREN. DON-Dr. Grafly Hewitt, of London. FIFTH AVENUE-Ex-Congressanaa J. W. Wadsworth. of Genesso, N. Y., and James E. O'Hara, of North Carolina, and Senator F. B. Arnold, of Unadilla, N. Y. GILSEY-Judge William Rumsey, of the New-York Supreme Court and Samuel Arnold, of Uradilla, N. Y. GILSEY-Judge William Rumsey, of the New-York Supreme Court, and Samuel F. Hunt, of Cincinnatl. GRAND-General John Echols, of Virginia. MURRAY HILL-Professor D. C. Gilman, of Baltmore; Commodore W. K. Mayo, U. S. Navy, and Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Parker, U. S. Army.

NO SIGN OF ABATEMENT.

Continued from First Page.

Memphis, this afternoon. A special detail of police provided by the several lines over which they had tickets, locked each car, and sent the passengers under guard through Memphis on to their destination.

There were about two hundred passengers, mostly women and children who had hurriedly left Orleans, Vicksburg, Greenville and other points. They were not fleeing from the fever, but had away to avoid the stampede that would follow if a case should appear at any of those places. The scene at Lakeview was truly pitable. Many of the women were unaccompanied by their husbands, who had remained behind, and with their little ones were utterly helpless. The excitement which prevails all along the route from New-Orleans to Memph's had proved contagious, and they were like so many frightened

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 22 .- The offering of a reward, by the City Council, of \$25 for the detection and conviction of any refugee from any infected district, had the effect of making every man, woman and child in Chattanooga a detective, and no stranger has entered the city who has not been subjected to the most rigid scrutiny. With all the refugeo has been found in the city. With all this, not a single

GENEROUS AID FROM THE THEATRES. ACTORS AND MANAGERS UNITE IN GIVING THEIR SERVICES FOR THE SUFFERERS.

The theatres in this city are responding generously to the call for help from the yellow fever victims at Jacksonville. The benefit given by Dockstader's Minstrels, assisted by a number of volunteers, last Thursday realized a trifle over \$500, and several others are announced for this week, which promise to be equally satisfactory financially. To-night, Captain Jack Crawford, the poet scout, gives his entertainment, "The Camp Fire and the Trail," at the People's Theatre in the same good cause, and next Wednesday Daniel Frohman gives a matinee performance of Lord Chumley" at the Lyceum Theatre. Mr. Sothern and his company, the chestra and the authors have contributed their services, and Mr. Frohman is making every effort to secure a large attendance. On Thursday afternoon a benefit will be given at Wallack's Theatre, with an interesting programme, in which Mrs. Alice Shaw, Marshall P. Wilder, Harry Edwards, Kyrle Bellew, and many others will participate. Colonel Sinn and A. M. Palmer have also joined issues for a benefit on the same afternoon at Colonel Sinn's Park Theatre, Brooklyn, The members of Mr. Palmer's Madison Square Company have volunteered their services without pay and will appear on that occasion in "Jim, the Penman."
The Casino has also fallen into line, and will
give a benefit performance on Thursday afternoon.
A concert, in which several well-known artists
will appear, will be given Thursday evening,
October 11, at Chickering Hall, and this will be
followed by another concert at Steinway Hall,
November 8.

ANSWERING JACKSONVILLE'S CALL FOR AID. Cairo, Ill., Sept. 22.-While the people of this city have guarded themselves well against contagion from yellow fever, they have not been unmindful of the sufferings of the afflicted in the South, and yesterday afternoon a memorable game took place for the benefit of the people of Jacksonville. A game of baseball was played, which was remarkable from the fact that the two clubs were composed of leading citizens, nearly all of exceptionally great avoirdupois, and of all ages from forty to seventy. Mayor T. W. Halliday was umpire, and among the players were Alderman William McHale, Henry Wells, cashler of the Alexander County Bank; Judge J. H. Robinson, ex-Sheriff Peter Saup, Sergeant Bozzle, of the Signal Service; ex-Alderman Henry Stout and half a score of leading mer chants and professional men. The game yielded nearly \$400 for the sufferers in Jacksonville, which will be

at once forwarded to them.

Portland, Me., Sept. 22.—In answer to an appeal from the Masons of Jacksonville for aid, the Grand Master of Masons of Maine and the Grand Com-mander of Knights Templar have called upon all lodges and commanderies for contributions.

Washington, Sept. 22.—A special meeting of the House Committee on Appropriations has been called for Monday morning, to consider the Senate bill making an appropriation of \$100,000 for the relief of the sufferers by yellow fever in the South.

Philadelphia, Sept. 22 (Special).—The Permanent Relief Committee held a meeting at the Mayor's office to-day, and sent by telegraph to Jacksonville its sixth gift of \$2,500, making a total of \$15,000 already contributed. Word was received from the Clyde Line that the twelve nurses sent from this city to Jackson steamer Gulf Stream. The management of the new Standard Theatre has sent word that a benefit per-formance would be given at that house next Wednesday for the yellow fover fund, and that every penny that came into the box-office on that occasion would be turned over to the seminities. Louisville, Ky., Sept. 22.-Subscriptions to the

yellow fever fund received to-day ran the total up to \$2,668 21. All has been sent to Chalrman Schumacher, of the Finance Committee, at Jacksonville. In addition to this the Board of Trade has collected and forwarded over \$2,000, bringing the amount sent by Louisville to nearly \$5,000. Roanoke, Va., Sept. 22.—The first instalment of

"The Evening Telegram's" yellow fever fund, col-lected in one day and amounting to \$137, was remitted to Jacksonville this afternoon. The Mayor has called a mass-meeting to raise money for the fever

the yellow fever sufferers to-day. He is making arrangements with all the acclimated nurses who wish to go to the stricken district to provide them with Bosfon, Mass., Sept. 22.—Sir George Hallen, Grand

Commander of the Knights Templar in Massachusetts, has issued a letter to the eminent commanders and members of the several commanderles in his jurisdic-tion, calling for aid for the yellow fever sufferers.

CAMP PERRY'S COMPLIMENT TO DR. HAMILTON Camp Perry, Fla., Sept. 22 .- On the occasion of the departure of Surgeon-General Hamilton from this camp. the refugees met and passed resolutions, heartily thanking Dr. Hamilton for his uniform kindness. courtesy and attention, and indorsing Camp Perry. declaring it unexcelled by any military camp in the country. The resolutions were presented by the Rev Dr. Roche. The Surgeon-General was visibly moved at these expressions of appreciation of his services, and made a brief address in reply. He said in part:

"I am deeply touched by your sympathy and kindness. I am all the more sensible of this because of the unjust criticism directed against me in my official capacity, and the attacks upon my private character. These began when I announced the pres-ence of yellow fever in Florida last spring. As a matter of fact, the presence of fever in this State was reported by me to the Governor nearly or quite two weeks before I made any public announcement of it. That the statement was true, the fact of the establishment of this camp and that we are here to-day in this pine wood too well attests. But that is all past now, and let it be forgotten and forgiven. When I came here and hoisted our dear old flag over this camp, I as the Government representative, felt that I know that they were no longer poor, panie-stricken, fever-hunted refugees, but welcome guests of our common country. These sentiments I know actuate the officers of the service whom I leave in charge here. I thank you, laddes and gentlemen, for your courtesy, and in saying furewell, I assure you that you have made it a difficult word to speak."

LOUISVILLE'S GATES OPEN TO REFUGEES. Louisville, Ky., Sept. 22.-At a meeting of phy sicians and others, called by Mayor Jacobs, it has decided to open the gates of Louisville to yellow fever refugees. A train brought in 135 from Decatur this morning. There is no excitement here. It was the sentiment of the meeting that Louisville was in no danger. When the physicians had given their views all most emphatically to the effect that the city should not be quarantined, but that it should rather repeat its humane act of 1878 in welcoming the refugees with open doors, President Hewett called for the report of the committee, which Dr. Marvin read, as follows of the committee, which Dr. Marvin read, as follows:

The experience of years warrants the physicians of
Louisville in stating confidently to her citizens and
those visiting the city that, on account of our geographical and climatic conditions, Louisville can be in
no danger from the spread of yellow fever by contact
with those from the 'ufected districts of the South who
may seek refuge here. The lateness of the season, and
the measures of safety adopted by the State Board of
Health, justify us in assuring our citizens that there
is no danger whatever of the disease gaining a foothold in the city.

WILLIAM P. TILEY, Chairman. W. H. GALT, SAMUEL BRANDEIS, COLEMAN ROGERS, J. B. MARVIN, Committee.

GENEROUS GIFT BY A CHICAGO EOOTBLACK, Chicago, Sept. 22 (Special).-What will go on record as relatively the most generous gift to the yellow fever sufferers is that which Horaco Davenport proposes to make. Young Davenport is the proprietor of a prosperous boot-blacking stand on the south side, near the Board of Trade, and has a number of as-

the day. Davenport has now announced tha gross receipts of his stand from Monday mot September 24, to Saturday evening, will be giv help swell the worthy fund for charity.

HANGED BY HIS PLAYMATES. Baltimore, Sept. 22 (Special).—Samuel Thomas, ap-fifteen, died to-day from the effects of being hanger yesterday in a juvenile wild-west show at Frederick With several other boys he was playing in a Md. With several other boys ne was paying a factory. Two larger boys suggested that Thomas h either scalped or hanged, he being a captive in the play. A thin cord was tied around his neck. Be fore the workmen in the room realized what was don the loose end of the cord was thrown around the shafting. The cord caught on the revolving shaft and was rapidly wound up, carrying the strugglin and frightened boy with it. He touched the shall and was swung around it twice, when the cord brok and he fell to the floor. His neck was severel, lacerated. He was removed to his home, and lar in the afternoon was attacked with hemorrhages from which he died this morning.

ROBBED OF A COSTLY DIAMOND. Indianapolis, Sept. 22 (Special).-Isaac Keene, a merchant from Evansville, Ind., was robbed at the Union Railway Station in this city to-day of a dia mond scarf-pin, estimated to be worth about \$6,000 The diamond, Mr. Keene says, weighs five and a hat carats. It is the most conspicuous stone in the West with perhaps a single exception.

THE RUMORED ADVANCE IN SUGAR CONFIRMED Philadelphia, Sept. 22 (Special).—Adolph Spreckle to-day confirmed the report of the probable advance is the price of refined sugar by the firms comprising the Sugar Trust. He bases the necessity for this advance upon the increased cost of the raw material.

END OF A FIGHT FOR THE RIGHT OF WAY. Denver, Col., Sept. 22.—A dispatch from Aspen, Col., says: "The Midland road has come out ahead in its cost troversy with the Rio Grande regarding the right of way in Ute-ave. Judge Strickland this morning fined Agent Waters and Roadmaster Sweeny of the Rio Grande 254 each for contempt of court in refusing to clear the street under the court's order. The Rio Grande then pulled its train off and the Midland took up the track, laid it rails, and placed a train on them."

DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS agree but on one "Head"—the "Dog's Head." Concedes to be the finest brand of Guinness's Steut imported.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMPAIGN CLUBS. Campaign suits and equipments, flash terches, badges buttons, many nevelties. Special prices. Spalding's 241 Broadway. ORIGINAL MAKERS-ESTABLISHED IN 1825.

Grattan & Co.'s Belfast Ginger Ale is the best. . . RUBY ROYAL "SEC,"
The exquisite dry red champagne,
For sale everywhere.

Announcements. E. & W. THE "SPOKANE" COLLAR. E. & W.

HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., 319 Wast 1267H-8T. Diseases of the Nervous System, Genito-Urinary Organs upptence and Sterility. Hours: 8 to 12, 5 to 8.

Ladies of fashion and refinement recommend CORNELL'S BENZOIN COSMETIC SOAP for white Sold by all Druggista. Myrrh Tooth Soap gives pearly white teeth

prevents decay and offensive breath, removes tartar, pre-serves the cuainel, hardens the gums. Any druggist, 25 etc. Home, Sweet Home!

People returning heme from the country to houses that have been closed all summer should thoroughly fumigate and distinct their premises with HYDOSAPHING. PASTILLES and SEAURI'S SULPHUR CANDLES to destroy diseasers and prevent typhoid fever, diphtheria and other cortagious diseases.

The Princess Mathilde Shoulder Cape.
A. JAECKEL Farrier,
11 East 19th-st.

The Pullman sleepers and parlor cars, as well as the regalar passenger coaches, used by the New-York and New England Railroad in its service between New-York and Hoston are unsurpassed for comfort, convenience and elegance

DIED. BODSTEIN-In Berlin, Germany, Frederick W. Bedstein are 65 years.
Interment in Berlin.

Interment in Derin.

CARPENDER—At "Lindenwood." New-Brunswick, N. J., on Friday, September 21, 1888, Catharine, widowoof Jaceb S. Carpender, and daughter of the late Dr. John Neilsen, of this sity, in the 82d year of her age.

Funeral services at the "burned of 84. John the Evangelist, New-Brunswick, on Monday, the 24th inst, at 2:30 p. m.

Train leaves, via Penn. R. R., at 10 clock. FARRAR-On Saturday, September 22, 1888, Mary J. wilow of the late Charles Farrare. Funeral services at her late residence, No. 1,259 Bedford ave. Brooking, on Monday, at 4 b. m. Interment at Peoporell, Mass.

HINE-At Brewster, Putnam County, N. Y., on Friday, September 21, 1888, Lydia Hine, widow of Charles W. Hine, deceased, acc 77 years, Smouths, 27 days, Funeral service will be held at her late home, Monday, September 24, at 2 o'clock p. m. September 24, at 2 o'clock p. m.

MILLARD—At Hawley, Pa., September 20, 1885, Rober
Miliard, in his 75th year.
Services at Hawley, 3:30 p. m. Monday.
Burlal services at Pounkheepsie Cemetery.
Carriages at the ferry to meet remains at 2 p. m. Tuesday.

NORRIS—At Closter, N. J., en Frider, September 21, 1885, Pamella, widow of Daniel W. Norria, in her 84th year. Funeral services at her late residence, Monday, Septembes 24, 1884, at 10 o'clock at Train leaves Chambers at 8:20.

Train leaves Chambers st. 8:20.

SUYDAM—After a short illness, at his summer residence
New Hamburg, N. Y., Henry Euydam, in his 85th year.

Netice of funeral hervatter.

WELLODN—On Thranday, September 20, after a brief ill
ness, Anna M. Weldon, at the residence of her brother
C. D. Weldon, No. 145 West 41st-st.
Interment at Mansideld, Obio.

WENDOVER—At Warwick, N. Y., September 21 Christo
pher Hutton Wendover, aged 83 years.

Funeral at Kinderhook on Monday, September 24.

WOODWARD—On Friday morning, September 21, 1888, Allan Kowalski, infant son of Henry E. and Marie Woodward, aged I vear and 33 days.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the tuneral services from the residence of his parents. No. 418

Madison-ave, on "unday afternoon, September 23, 1886, at half-past 1 o'clock.

Special Notices.

Headquarters for
POLITICAL NET BANNERS CAMPAIGN EQUIPMENTS, SHIRTS, UNIFORMS, TORCHES, &c. CAMPAIGN BANNER AND OUTFIT CO. 46 VESEY.ST., N. Y.

Removal,
CROUCH & FITZGERALD,
TRUNK MANUFACTURERS,
call attention to removal of their
DOWNTOWN STORE FROM NO. 1 the other two stores remaining as before, 556 BHOADWAY, BELOW PRINCE-ST., 4 723 6TH-AVE., BELOW 42D-ST. T. M. Stewart, Carpet Cleaning Works, NO. 326 7TH-AVE. Send for circulars. Tel. Call 126-21st.

Bolitical Notices.

A meeting of the Enrolled Republicans of the IXth As sembly District will be held at No. 1 Abington Square, of Monday evening, Sept. 24 at Sp. m. WILLIAM A. GEDNEY, Secretary.

Headquarters for POLITICAL NET BANNERS, Transparencies and Campaign Equipments. Send for bannes circular and equipment catalogue.

M. R. LEVY & CO., 27 Wooster-st., N. Y. N. Y. Campaiga Equipment Mig. Co., at. Full equipments, protiest styles, lowest fig-y experienced hands. Tailor fits guaranteed. 368 Canal-8. Full equipments and trailor at a guaranteed. ures. Only experienced hands. Tailor at a guaranteed.

Political Not. Bancers, finest designs; Campaiga Equipments, largest stock, lowest figures.

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The National Republican Campaign Songster is the largest and best, 48 pares. Music all in four parts Used everywhere. Sample copy, 25 cents. \$2.25 per doses by mail or express prepaid. THE NEWHALL & EVAN MUSIC CO., Cincinnati, Onio.

Beligious Notices.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, 48th-st. west of 6th-ave (Rev. R. HEBER NEWTON, Rector), reopens on Sunda at 11 a. m.-Rev. Dr HUGHES, Associate Pastor, wil

AMERICAN TEMPERANCE UNION, Chickerin Hall, Sunday, 3 o'clock.—Grand opening day. Addresses by SAMUEL DICKIE, esq., Chairman Prohibition National Committee; Hon. W. MARTIN JONES, Prohibition candidate for Governor of New-York, and Rev. J. H. HECTOR, the eloquent colored orator. Choice musical programme, under direction of Professor J. DOSSERT. JOSEPHA. R. BOGARDUS, President. EDWIN F. GALLOWAY, Secretary.

CHURCH OF THE STRANGERS. Mercer-st., near Sth-st.-Rev. Dr. JOHN M. REID will preach to-morros at 10:30 morning and 7:30 evening. All the scats are free

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST, 56th-st, near 8th-ave.-Preaching Sunday morning and evening by the Pastor, the Rev. B. B. TYLER. FIRST SOCIETY OF SPIRITUALISTS, Adelphi Halt, 7th ave., cor. 52d st.—Mrs. BRIGHAM lectures morning and evening as usual. Morning services devoted the answering of questions propounded by the audience Evening services at 745. Seats free. All levited.

PIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, 156 Worth, willLIAM F. BARNARD. Superintendent Service of song every Sunday at 3:30 o'clock. The service is almost wholly by the children of the institution. Public cordially invited.

SEANCE FOR FULL FORM MATERIALIZATION Sunday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, Tuesday and Saturday 2 o'clock, 323 West 34th-st. Mrs. STODDARI GRAY, DEWITT C. HOUGH.

ST. IGNATIUS CHURCH, 56 West 40th-st. ReARTHUR RITCHIE, Rector.—Sunday, 7, 7:45, 8:3 10:20 and 11 a. m., 4:30 and 8 p. m., with sermy the Rector on the Third Commandment; daily, 7, 9:3 a. m., 5 p. m.; holy days and Fridays, 10 a. street.